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Arthur and a state of the state		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
APPLICATION NO. 09/650,122	FILING DATE	Mitsusuke Kyogoku	ASMJP.062AUS	9091	
	08/29/2000		A2MD1:0027100		
20995 75	01/09/2003	DEADIID	EXAMINER		
2040 MAIN ST	ARTENS OLSON & I	KACKAR, RAM N			
FOURTEENTI IRVINE, CA	H FLOOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
IKVINE, CA	720.		1763	1 (	
			DATE MAIL ED: 01/09/2003		

DATE MAILED: 01/09/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/650,12		KYOGOKU ET	AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examine		Art Unit	
		Ram N K	ackar	1763	
	- The MAILING DATE of this commun	ication appears on th	e cover sheet w	ith the correspondence	address
David for	- Donly				
A SHOTHE No Extense after String of the If NO Failur	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) period for reply is specified above, the maximum since to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no exmunication. 30) days, a reply within the statatutory period will apply and v	tutory minimum of thi	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered to NTHS from the mailing date of the RANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mely. is communication.
Status	Responsive to communication(s) f	iled on 10/30/2002 .			
1)  \[ \rightarrow \]		2b)⊠ This action i	s non-final.		
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  Since this application is in condition.	for allowance avea	nt for formal m	atters, prosecution as to	o the merits is
3)	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice.	ctice under Ex parte	Quayle, 1935 C	D.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1,3-7 and 11 is/are pendi	ng in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/	are withdrawn from c	consideration.		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
	Claim(s) 1,3-7 and 11 is/are reject	ed.			
71	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or election	requirement.		
Applica	tion Papers				
9)	The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.	objected to b	ov the Examiner.	
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/ar	e: a) accepted or b)	(a) he held in ah	evance. See 37 CFR 1.8	5(a).
	Applicant may not request that any	objection to the drawing	l approved b)	disapproved by the Ex	aminer.
11)	Applicant may not request that any to the proposed drawing correction for the proposed drawing	lied on is. a)_	Office action.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are	required in reply to this	Omoo donom		
12)	] The oath or declaration is objected	I to by the Examiner.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	· c ci-m mriority	under 35 II S	C. 8 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	Acknowledgment is made of a cla		under 55 5.5.		
1	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None c	of:	noon received		
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the prior	rity documents have	noon received	in Application No.	·
	2. Certified copies of the prior	rity documents have	peen received	een received in this Nat	– tional Stage
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the photograph of the certified copies of the photograph of the certified copies of the photograph of the certified copies of the certifi	ction for a list of the (	ertified copies	not received.	
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	the families	Janguage provisiona	a application re	35 DEELLICOCITOR.	
15)[	<ul> <li>a)    The translation of the foreign   </li> <li>Acknowledgment is made of a cla</li> </ul>	im for domestic prior	ity under 35 U.	S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121	
Attachn					
1) [] N	lotice of References Cited (PTO-892) lotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revien Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14	ew (PTO-948) 49) Paper No(s)	4) Inter 5) Notice 6) Other	view Summary (PTO-413) Pace of Informal Patent Applicater:	ion (PTO-152)
	and Trademark Office	A. Alam Ca	mman/		Part of Paper No. 11

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### DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-4, 6-7 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams (US Patent 6959507) in view of Predhome Jr (US Patent Re 30188) and Hautau (US Patent 4134305).

Adams discloses a multi-chamber load locking device divided in to an upper chamber (Fig2-34) a lower chamber (Fig2-38) and an intermediate section located between the upper chamber and the lower chamber (Fig2-36), a divider plate (Fig2-73) having an upper side and a lower side both of which are adapted to support wafers (Fig2-66 and68). The plate (Fig2-73) moves reciprocally between an upper position and a lower position so that when the plate is at upper position it divides and seals the upper chamber from intermediate section and lower chamber (Fig2-38) and when the plate is at lower position the plate divides and seals the lower chamber from intermediate section and upper chamber (Fig2-34). Adam also discloses seals (Fig2-58 and 60) and doors on all openings (Col 4 line 16).

Adam does not disclose the plate lift mechanism of cylindrical cam structure and a rotary actuator.

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Predhome Jr discloses cam follower as part of a cylindrical body coaxial with the cam structure (Fig 5 -82) and discloses the cylinder with the cam grooves outside the cam follower undergoing reciprocal motion.

Hautau (US Patent 4134305) discloses a cylindrical cam structure (Fig 4-114) whose rotation causes a vertical movement of cam follower (Fig 4-124) where the cam follower is outside the cylinder with grooves.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to install a mechanism of cam groove and cam follower to Adam's load lock to provide for the reciprocal motion of the divider plate as the mechanism taught by Predhome Jr and Hautau is lot simpler, cheaper and reliable to use and provides breaking against vertical movement at stops.

In addition to the single divider plate Adam discloses two other redundant plates. It would have been obvious to eliminate those two redundant plates to reduce cost.

Claim 3: Predhome Jr discloses a cam cylinder having a cam groove having a shape which can be divided in five sections (i) upper horizontal (ii) lower horizontal (iii) intermediate section (iv) upper transition section and (v) lower transition section to make sure that while the plate is going towards sealing to any position it moves slowly and the transition from higher speed of intermediate section to low speed of sealing is smooth (Fig 5-54).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to shape the groove so as to provide smooth motion before sealing and avoid any generation of particulates.

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Claim 4: Hautau (US Patent 4134305) discloses a cylindrical cam structure (Fig 4-114) and a cam follower, which slides on a beam (Fig 4-122) to act as a guide for up/down movement.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide a beam for guidance to the lifting mechanism adapted for Adam's load lock device.

Claim 6: References to first or second pressure in the claim appears to be for an intended use and does not structurally distinguish over prior art of Adam.

Claim 7: Adams discloses an interface of doors (Col 4 line 16), which can go on openings (Fig 2-40 and 44), which makes it adaptable to be disposed between a loading station and a transfer chamber (Fig 2, Fig 1-26, 28).

Claim 11: Hautau and Predhome Jr have both disclosed a generally S shaped groove, which controls the speed at start, stop and intermediate movement. The transitions are so smooth and gradual that it is hard to say when one region stops and the other begins. More over these are apparatus specific adjustments and have no patentable significance.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams (US Patent 6959507) in view of Predhome Jr (US Patent Re 30188) and Hautau (US Patent 4134305) as applied to claim 1 and further in view of Phillips et al (US Patent 4889319).

Adams discloses seals on his multi-chamber load-locking device but does not disclose that the seals are O-ring seals.

O-ring seals are well known in the art as disclosed by Phillips et al (Col 1-31).

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Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to use O ring seals on Adam's load lock to provide for the reliable seal, O-ring seals are known for.

## Response to Amendment

Applicants arguments filed on 10/30/2002 have been considered but not found to be persuasive. Applicant's arguments and examiners response follows:

Applicant: Cam mechanism of Hautau or Predhome Jr cannot be used for lifting a heavy weight apparatus.

Examiner: The cam mechanism of Predhome Jr is exactly alike the claimed cam mechanism. Absent any claimed strength of structure used, this argument carries no weight.

Applicant: Adams in no way suggests eliminating the two plates as pressure differential is related to the structure.

Examiner: Actual pressure or pressure differential is related to intended use and does not impart patentability. The apparatus discloses by Adam is capable of creating and maintaining pressure differential. Also omission of an element with a corresponding omission of function is within the level of ordinary skill. (*In re Wilson* 153 USPQ 740 (CCPA 1967) and others)

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ram N Kackar whose telephone number is 703 305 3996. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 A.M to 5:P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Mills can be reached on 703 308 1633. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 872 9310 for regular communications and 703 872 9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 0661.

RK January 6, 2003

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